

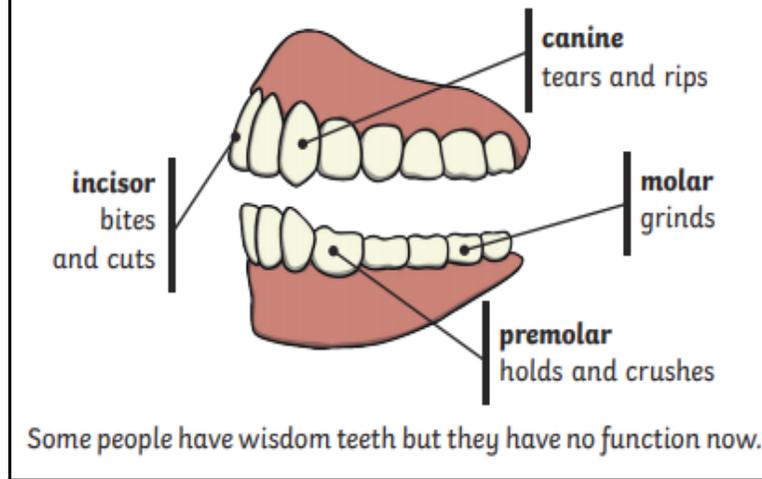
What should I already know?

- We have two sets of teeth—baby and adult
- We need to look after our teeth
- Our body needs food to provide it with energy, vitamins, and minerals

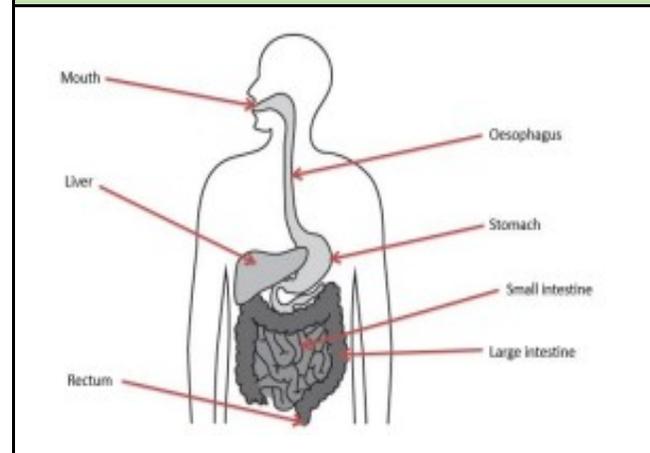
What will I know by the end?

- There are three main types of teeth - incisor, canines, molars
- Animals also have specific teeth for their various diets
- The digestive system is a long, twisting tube that runs from the mouth to the rectum
- The main organs involved in digestion are the Teeth, Oesophagus, Stomach, Large Intestine, Small Intestine and the Rectum
- These organs break down our food into substances that our body can use

Teeth



Digestion



Scientific Skills and Enquiry

- Identify and know the different types of teeth that humans have
- Know the functions of different human teeth
- Identify and name the parts of the human digestive system
- Know the functions of the organs in the human digestive system
- Understand the importance of fair test
- Compare the differences in animal teeth

Vocabulary

Incisor— A tooth for biting food, at the front of the mouth.

Canine—A sharp, pointed tooth for tearing food.

Molar— A flat tooth for grinding food at the back of the mouth.

Digest—break down food so it can be used by the body.

Mouth— The first part of the digestive system, where food enters.

Oesophagus—A muscular tube which moves food from the mouth to the stomach.

Stomach— a sack like organ where food is churned and broken down by acid.

Liver— an organ that creates bile for the stomach.

Small intestine— a long winding tube where nutrients are absorbed into the blood.

Large intestine— a shorter and wider tube where water is removed.

Rectum— where the waste is stored before leaving the body.

Anus— where waste leaves our body.

Absorbed—taken in or soaked up by something.